

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier

DIESEL FUELS

Other means of identification

SDS number

102-GHS

Synonyms

Diesel Fuels All Grades, Diesel Fuel No.2, Fuel Oil No.2, High Sulfur Diesel Fuel, Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel, Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel, CARB (California Air Resource Board) Diesel Fuel, Off-Road Diesel Fuel, Dyed Diesel Fuel, X Grade Diesel Fuel, X-1 Diesel Fuel, R5 ULSD, B5 ULS D See section 16 for complete information.

Recommended use

Motor Fuel

Refinery feedstock.

Recommended restrictions

None known.

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier

Valero Marketing & Supply Company and Affiliates

One Valero Way

San Antonio, TX 78269-6000

General Assistance

210-345-4593

E-Mail

CorpHSE@valero.com Industrial Hygienist

Contact Person Emergency Telephone

24 Hour Emergency 866-565-5220

1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Acute toxicity, inhalation

Category 3

Health hazards

Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 2

Carcinogenicity

Category 2

Reproductive toxicity

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Category 2

Category 1

OSHA defined hazards

Aspiration hazard Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Hazard statement

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (blood, thymus, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for extinction.

Storage

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Disposal

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Category 2

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquids

Environmental hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Supplemental information Hazard symbol



Hazard statement

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Avoid release to the environment.

Response

Collect spillage.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

CAS number	%
68476-34-6	85 - 100
67762-38-3	0 - 10
1159170-26-9	0-5
111-84-2	1-3
111-65-9	1-2
96-14-0	0-1
91-20-3	0-1
142-82-5	0-1
110-54-3	0-1
	68476-34-6 67762-38-3 1159170-26-9 111-84-2 111-65-9 96-14-0 91-20-3 142-82-5

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. If high pressure injection under the skin occurs, always seek medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Do not give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation. Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice. Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash. The toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated. Use appropriate precautions.

Hydrogen sulfide, a highly toxic gas, may be present. Signs and symptoms of overexposure to hydrogen sulfide include respiratory and eye irritation, dizziness, nausea, coughing, a sensation of dryness and pain in the nose, and loss of consciousness. Odor does not provide a reliable indicator of the presence of hazardous levels in the atmosphere.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed General information In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. The toxicological properties of this material have not been fully investigated.

If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsultable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions Water spray. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

The product is flammable, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate toxic gases or fumes.

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See Section 8 of the MSDS for Personal Protective Equipment

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. This material is a water pollutant and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Small Spills: Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Large Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Should not be released into the environment.

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental precautions

If facility or operation has an "oil or hazardous substance contingency plan", activate its procedures. Stay upwind and away from spill. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Do not enter or stay in area unless monitoring indicates that it is safe to do so. Isolate hazard area and restrict entry to emergency crew. Flammable. Review Firefighting Measures, Section 5, before proceeding with clean up. Keep all sources of ignition (flames, smoking, flares, etc.) and hot surfaces away from release. Contain spill in smallest possible area. Recover as much product as possible (e.g. by vacuuming). Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to disperse vapors. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed. Spilled material may be absorbed by an appropriate absorbent, and then handled in accordance with environmental regulations. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment or drainage systems and natural waterways. Contact fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, contact the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802. For highway or railways spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes,

skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid release to the environment.

DIESEL FUELS 913579 Prepared by 3E Company Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammable liquid storage. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep out of the reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m3	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	10 ppm 2000 mg/m3	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	500 ppm 1800 mg/m3	
Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)	PEL	500 ppm 2350 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6)	TWA	100 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and
Hexane (Other isomers) CAS 96-14-0)	STEL	1000 ppm	vapor.
laphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA STEL TWA	500 ppm 15 ppm 10 ppm 500 ppm 400 ppm 50 ppm	
-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL TWA		
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA		
1-Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	200 ppm	
Octane (All isomers) (CAS 11-65-9)	TWA	300 ppm	

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Ceiling Limit Value and Time Period (if specified)

Components	Туре	Value 1800 mg/m3	
Hexane (Other isomers) (CAS 96-14-0)	Ceiling		
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	510 ppm 1800 mg/m3	
Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)	Ceiling	440 ppm 1800 mg/m3	
HO MICON Park to Co.		385 ppm	

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Recommended exposure limit (REL)

Components	Туре	Value	
Hexane (Other isomers) (CAS 96-14-0)	TWA	350 mg/m3	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	100 ppm 50 mg/m3	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	TWA	10 ppm 350 mg/m3	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	85 ppm 180 mg/m3	
n-Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	50 ppm 1050 mg/m3	
Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)	TWA	200 ppm 350 mg/m3	
		75 ppm	

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)

Components	Туре	Value	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3	
		15 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*	
	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedi - on, without hydrolysis		•	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eyelface protection Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, wear full face shield or chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable.

Other Full body suit and boots are recommended when handling large volumes or in emergency

situations. Flame retardant protective clothing is recommended.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn. Proper respirator selection should be determined by adequately trained personnel, based on the contaminants, the degree of potential exposure and published respiratory protection factors. This equipment should be available for nonroutine and emergency

use.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Consult supervisor for special handling instructions. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid (may be dyed red).

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Clear. Straw.
Odor Kerosene (strong).
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -60.07 °F (-51.15 °C) Estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range

325 - 700 °F (162.78 - 371.11 °C)

range

Flash point

> 100.0 °F (> 37.8 °C) Closed Cup

Evaporation rate 0.02

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

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Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

8 %

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (20°C)

Vapor density 3(Air = 1)Relative density 0.82 - 0.87Relative density temperature

60 °F (15.56 °C) Solubility(les) Not available. Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 494.96 °F (257.2 °C)

Decomposition temperature Not available. Viscosity 2 - 4.5 mm²/s

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not pressurize,

cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks, static

electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. In high concentrations, vapors and spray mists are narcotic and may cause

headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact May cause eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation.

Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement Jaundice. Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash. The toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated. Use appropriate

precautions.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. The toxicological properties of

this material have not been fully investigated.

Components Species **Test Results**

Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Rat 4.1 mg/l, 4 hours

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Acute

Dermal LD50

Rabbit > 2 g/kg

Oral LD50

Rat 490 mg/kg

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Components Species **Test Results** n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat 103 mg/l, 4 Hours n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Acute Oral LD50 Rat 28710 mg/kg n-Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat 3200 mg/l, 4 Hours Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9) Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat 118 mg/l, 4 Hours Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation Serious eye damage/eye Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. irritation Respiratory sensitization Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Skin sensitization Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer. International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): Whole diesel engine exhaust – IARC Group 1. Exposure may cause lung cancer and also noted a positive association with an increased risk of bladder cancer. Diesel exhaust has been reported to be an occupational hazard due to NIOSH-reported potential carcinogenic properties. IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. NTP Report on Carcinogens Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Napthalene interferes with embryo development in experimental animals at dose levels that cause maternal toxicity. In humans, excessive exposure to this agent may cause hemolytic anemia in the mother and fetus. Specific target organ toxicity -Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. single exposure Specific target organ toxicity -May cause damage to the following organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Blood. Liver. repeated exposure Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Chronic effects Contains organic solvents which in case of overexposure may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication. Repeated exposure to naphthalene may cause cataracts, allergic skin rashes, destruction of red blood cells, and anemia, jaundice, kidney and liver damage. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure. Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause central nervous system, kidney, liver, and lung damage. Symptoms may be delayed. Hydrogen sulfide, a highly toxic gas, may be present. Signs and **Further information** symptoms of overexposure to hydrogen sulfide include respiratory and eye irritation, dizziness, nausea, coughing, a sensation of dryness and pain in the nose, and loss of consciousness. Odor does not provide a reliable indicator of the presence of hazardous levels in the atmosphere. Toxicological properties of this material have not been fully investigated. 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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Components **Species Test Results** Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6) Aquatic Acute Crustacea EL50 Daphnia magna 68 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LL50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 65 mg/l, 96 hours Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Aquatic Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha) 1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Aquatic Fish Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis) 4924 mg/l, 96 hours LC50 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Aquatic Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours Persistence and degradability Not available. Bioaccumulative potential Not available. Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) Hexane (Other isomers) (CAS 96-14-0) 3.6 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) 39 n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) 4.66 Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9) 5 18 n-Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) 5.46 Mobility in soil Not available Other adverse effects Not available

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. This material and its container must be

disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate

ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) U165

Waste from residues / unused Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. products

Contaminated packaging Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1202 UN proper shipping name Diesel fuel

Transport hazard class(es) Combustible Liquid

Subsidiary class(es) Packing group III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Special provisions 144, B1, IB3, T2, TP1

Packaging exceptions

150 Packaging non bulk 203 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1202 UN proper shipping name Diesel fuel 3

Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary class(es) Packaging group 111

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Environmental hazards Yes Labels required 3 **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1202 UN proper shipping name DIESEL FUEL

Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary class(es) Packaging group 111 **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant Yes Labels required 3 **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not applicable. However, this product is a liquid and if transported in bulk covered under MARPOL

73/78, Annex I.

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

n-Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Hexane (Other isomers) (CAS 96-14-0) LISTED Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) LISTED n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) LISTED n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) LISTED n-Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) LISTED Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely No hazardous substance

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Food and Drug

Not regulated.

Administration (FDA)

US state regulations

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Hexane (Other isomers) (CAS 96-14-0) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) n-Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)

Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)

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US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6) 10000 lbs Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) 500 lbs n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) 500 lbs

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Fuels, diesel, no. 2 (CAS 68476-34-6) Hexane (Other isomers) (CAS 96-14-0) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) n-Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)

Octane (All isomers) (CAS 111-65-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	0-1
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No No
United States & Puerto Rico	The fill the	V
*A "Ves" indicates this product		Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 13-May-2013 Revision date 27-June-2013

Version # 03

NFPA Ratings



Disclaimer

This material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 by Valero Marketing & Supply Co., ("VALERO"). VALERO does not assume any liability arising out of product use by others. The information, recommendations, and suggestions presented in this SDS are based upon test results and data believed to be reliable. The end user of the product has the responsibility for evaluating the adequacy of the data under the conditions of use, determining the safety, toxicity and suitability of the product under these conditions, and obtaining additional or clarifying information where uncertainty exists. No guarantee expressed or implied is made as to the effects of such use, the results to be obtained, or the safety and toxicity of the product in any specific application. Furthermore, the information herein is not represented as absolutely complete, since it is not practicable to provide all the scientific and study information in the format of this document, plus additional information may be necessary under exceptional conditions of use, or because of applicable laws or government regulations.

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